

Managing Fiscal Risks Under Stress

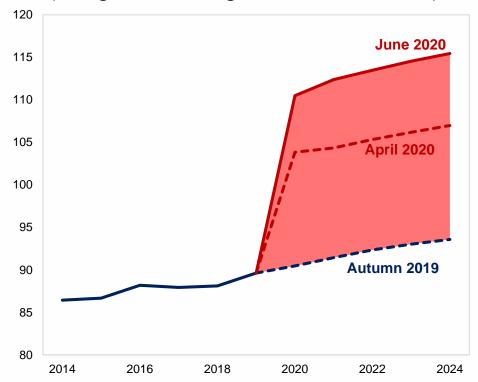
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COVID is the Largest Fiscal Shock Since WWII

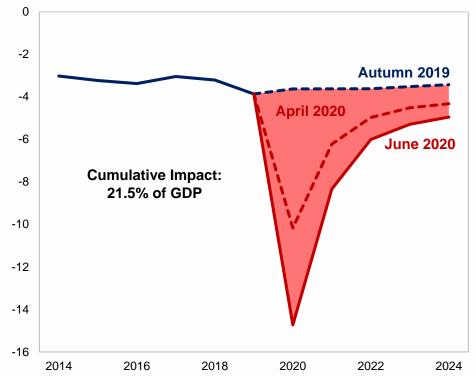
G20 Government Debt Forecasts

(Weighted Average, Percent of GDP)



G20 Fiscal Balance Forecasts

(Weighted Average, Percent of GDP)

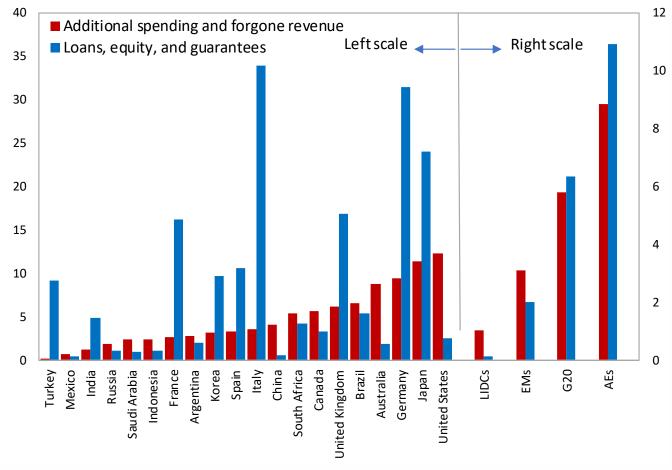


Source: IMF Staff Estimates

Fiscal Response is Adding to Fiscal Risks

G20 Fiscal Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic

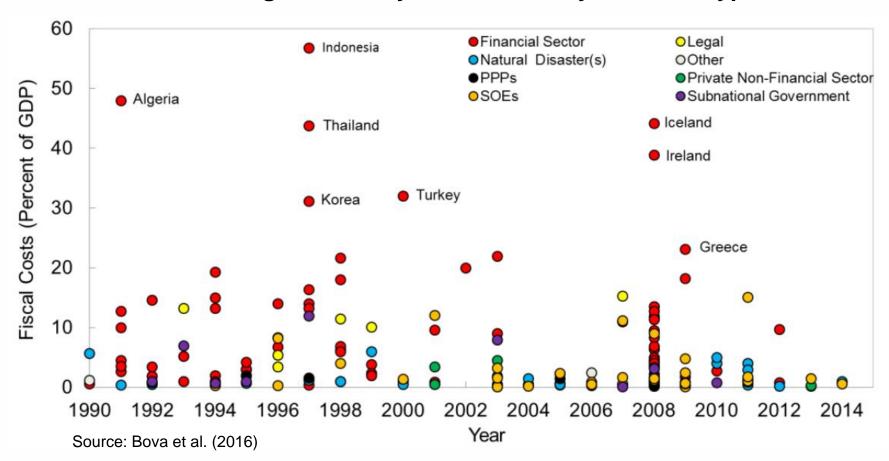
(Percent of GDP)



Source: IMF Staff Estimates

Expect Realizations of Existing Risks: When it rains it pours

Contingent Liability Realizations by Year and Type



Evaluating and Managing New Policies

Rationale:

- What policy objectives?
- O Alternative options?

Costs

- Maximum exposure
- Expected cost

Provisions or budget space?

Risk management & mitigation

- Central gatekeeper with clear accountability
- Regular review of developments
- Intra-government coordination
- Accountability and reporting

Institutional Capacities Need Strengthening

Maintain an up to date view of the public finances

- Heightened monitoring and forecasting
- Weekly fiscal developments

Keep up to date costings

- Ensure costings are done and recorded
- Involve line ministries, and update as events evolve
- Clear Communication

Remove barriers to spending

- Increase flexibility
- Identify low priority and lagging spending to offset
- Improve cash flow

Manage Debt positions, market access and overall risk

- Ensure continuity of funding
- Use cash buffers, credit lines & multilateral lending facilities
- Track risks from forex & short term debt plus contingent liabilities

Resources and Tools

- COVID-19 Special Series
- Identifying and Understanding Risk
 - Fiscal Transparency Evaluation
 - Fiscal Risk Assessment
- IMF's 2016 Analyzing and Managing Fiscal Risk
 - Fiscal stress test
 - Fiscal Risk management toolkit
- Guidance for Specific Fiscal Risk
 - Guarantees
 - Natural Disasters
 - State Owned Enterprises
 - Balance sheet